AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 17, 2011

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2011–12 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1200

Introduced by Assembly Member Ma

February 18, 2011

An act to amend Section 345 of the Water Code, relating to the Department of Water Resources. An act to amend Sections 13193 and 13271 of the Water Code, relating to water quality.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1200, as amended, Ma. Department of Water Resources: state-constructed water projects: recreation development. *Water quality: discharges: sewer systems.*

(1) The Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act generally requires a person who causes or permits any hazardous substance or sewage to be discharged in or on any waters of the state, as soon as that person has knowledge of the discharge and other requirements are met, to immediately notify the California Emergency Management Agency of the discharge in accordance with specified spill reporting requirements. The act requires the California Emergency Management Agency to immediately notify the appropriate California regional water quality control board and the local health officer and director of environmental health of the discharge. Upon receiving notification of a discharge, the local health officer and the director of environmental health are required to immediately notify the public of the discharge by posting notices or other appropriate means, if necessary, to safeguard public health and safety. A person who fails to notify in accordance with these requirements, with a certain exception, is guilty of a misdemeanor that

AB 1200 — 2 —

is punishable by a fine of not more than \$20,000, imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

Under the act, the notification requirements do not apply to a discharge that is in compliance with waste discharge requirements or other specified provisions of law.

This bill would remove that exception to the notification requirements, thereby expanding the scope of a crime. By expanding the scope of a crime, and to the extent that the bill would increase the level of services imposed on local health officers, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) The act requires the public or private entity having legal authority over the operation and maintenance of, or capital improvement to, a sewer collection system to submit a report to the appropriate regional board relating to a spill or overflow from a sanitary sewer system.

This bill would specify that a combined sewer and stormwater system is subject to this requirement.

(3) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Existing law requires the Department of Water Resources to plan recreation development associated with state-constructed water projects and to acquire land necessary to implement and execute plans for that development pursuant to legislative authorization. Existing law authorizes the department, in carrying out those duties, to enter into contracts, leases, and agreements with state agencies, the federal government, local public agencies, and other persons.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

-3- AB 1200

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1. Section 13193 of the Water Code is amended to read:

- 13193. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) "Collection system owner or operator" means the public or private entity having legal authority over the operation and maintenance of, or capital improvements to, the sewer collection system, *including a combined sewer and stormwater system*.
 - (2) "GIS" means Geographic Information System.
- (b) On or before January 1 of a year in which the Legislature has appropriated sufficient funds for this purpose, the state board, in consultation with representatives of cities, counties, cities and counties, special districts, public interest groups, the State Department of Public Health, and the regional boards shall develop a uniform overflow event report form to be used for reporting of sanitary sewer system, *including a combined sewer and stormwater system*, overflows as required in subdivision (c). This event report form shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
- (1) The cause of the overflow. The cause shall be specifically identified, unless there is an ongoing investigation, in which case it shall be identified immediately after completion of the investigation. The cause shall be identified, at a minimum, as blockage, infrastructure failure, pump station failure, significant wet weather event, natural disaster, or other cause, which shall be specifically identified. If the cause is identified as a blockage, the type of blockage shall be identified, at a minimum, as roots, grease, debris, vandalism, or multiple causes of which each should be identified. If the cause is identified as infrastructure, it shall be determined, at a minimum, whether the infrastructure failure was due to leaks, damage to, or breakage of, collection system piping or insufficient capacity. If the cause is identified as a significant wet weather event or natural disaster, the report shall describe both the event and how it resulted in the overflow. If the precise cause cannot be identified after investigation, the report shall include a narrative explanation describing the investigation conducted and providing the information known about the possible causes of the overflow.
 - (2) An estimate of the volume of the overflow event.

AB 1200 —4—

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(3) Location of the overflow event. Sufficient information shall be provided to determine location for purposes of GIS mapping, such as specific street address or the latitude and longitude of the event.

- (4) Date, time, and duration of the overflow event.
- (5) Whether or not the overflow reached or may have reached waters of the state.
- (6) Whether or not a beach closure occurred or may have occurred as a result of the overflow.
 - (7) The response and corrective action taken.
- (8) Whether or not there is an ongoing investigation, the reasons for it, and expected date of completion.
- (9) The name, address, and telephone number of the reporting collection system owner or operator and a specific contact name.
- (c) Commencing on July 1 of a year in which the Legislature has appropriated sufficient funds for this purpose, in the event of a spill or overflow from a sanitary sewer system, *including a combined sewer and stormwater system*, that is subject to the notification requirements set forth in Section 13271, the applicable collection system owner or operator, in addition to immediate reporting duties pursuant to Section 13271, shall submit to the appropriate regional board, within 30 days of the date of becoming aware of the overflow event, a report using the form described in subdivision (b). The report shall be filed electronically, if possible, or by fax or mail if electronic submission is not possible.
- (d) (1) Commencing on July 1 of a year in which the Legislature has appropriated sufficient funds for this purpose, in the event of a spill or overflow from a sanitary sewer system, including a combined sewer and stormwater system, that is not subject to the reporting requirements set forth in Section 13271 that is either found by the State Department of Public Health or any local health officer to result in contamination pursuant to Section 5412 of the Health and Safety Code, or is found by the State Department of Public Health to result in pollution or nuisance pursuant to Section 5413 of the Health and Safety Code, the agency making the determination shall submit to the appropriate regional board, within 30 days of making the determination, a report that shall include, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (A) Date, time, and approximate duration of the overflow event.
 - (B) An estimate of the volume of the overflow event.

5 AB 1200

(C) Location of the overflow event.

- (D) A description of the response or corrective action taken by the agency making the determination.
- (E) The name, address, and telephone number of the reporting collection system owner or operator, and a specific contact name.
- (2) The report shall be filed electronically, if possible, or by fax or mail if electronic submission is not possible.
- (e) Before January 1 of a year in which the Legislature has appropriated sufficient funds for this purpose, the state board, in consultation with representatives of cities, counties, cities and counties, and special districts, public interest groups, the State Department of Public Health, and regional boards, shall develop and maintain a sanitary sewer system overflow database that, at a minimum, contains the parameters described in subdivisions (b) and (d).
- (f) Commencing on July 1 of a year in which the Legislature has appropriated sufficient funds for this purpose, each regional board shall coordinate with collection system owners or operators, the State Department of Public Health, and local health officers to compile the reports submitted pursuant to subdivisions (c) and (d). Each regional board shall report that information to the state board on a quarterly basis, to be included in the sanitary sewer system overflow database.
- (g) The state board shall make available to the public, by Internet and other cost-effective means, as determined by the state board, information that is generated pursuant to this section. In a year in which the Legislature has appropriated sufficient funds for the purposes described in this subdivision, the state board shall prepare a summary report of the information collected in the sanitary sewer system overflow database, and make it available to the general public through the Internet and other cost-effective means, as determined by the state board. To the extent resources and the data allow, this report shall include GIS maps compiling coastal overflow events.
- SEC. 2. Section 13271 of the Water Code is amended to read: 13271. (a) (1) Except as provided by subdivision (b), any Any person who, without regard to intent or negligence, causes or permits any hazardous substance or sewage to be discharged in or on any waters of the state, or discharged or deposited where it is, or probably will be, discharged in or on any waters of the state,

AB 1200 — 6—

shall, as soon as (A) that person has knowledge of the discharge,
(B) notification is possible, and (C) notification can be provided
without substantially impeding cleanup or other emergency
measures, immediately notify the California Emergency
Management Agency of the discharge in accordance with the spill
reporting provision of the state toxic disaster contingency plan
adopted pursuant to Article 3.7 (commencing with Section 8574.16)
of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

- (2) The California Emergency Management Agency shall immediately notify the appropriate regional board, the local health officer, and the director of environmental health of the discharge. The regional board shall notify the state board as appropriate.
- (3) Upon receiving notification of a discharge pursuant to this section, the local health officer and the director of environmental health shall immediately determine whether notification of the public is required to safeguard public health and safety. If so, the local health officer and the director of environmental health shall immediately notify the public of the discharge by posting notices or other appropriate means. The notification shall describe measures to be taken by the public to protect the public health.
- (b) The notification required by this section shall not apply to a discharge in compliance with waste discharge requirements or other provisions of this division.

(e)

(b) Any person who fails to provide the notice required by this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or both. Except where a discharge to the waters of this state would have occurred but for cleanup or emergency response by a public agency, this subdivision shall not apply to any discharge to land-which that does not result in a discharge to the waters of this state.

(d)

(c) Notification received pursuant to this section or information obtained by use of that notification shall not be used against any person providing the notification in any criminal case, except in a prosecution for perjury or giving a false statement.

38 (e)

(d) For substances listed as hazardous wastes or hazardous material pursuant to Section 25140 of the Health and Safety Code,

—7 — **AB 1200**

1 the state board, in consultation with the Department of Toxic 2 Substances Control, shall by regulation establish reportable 3 quantities for purposes of this section. The regulations shall be 4 based on what quantities should be reported because they may 5 pose a risk to public health or the environment if discharged to 6 groundwater or surface water. Regulations need not set reportable 7 quantities on all listed substances at the same time. Regulations 8 establishing reportable quantities shall not supersede-waste discharge requirements or water quality objectives adopted 10 pursuant to this division, and shall not supersede or affect in any way the list, criteria, and guidelines for the identification of 11 12 hazardous wastes and extremely hazardous wastes adopted by the 13 Department of Toxic Substances Control pursuant to Chapter 6.5 14 (commencing with Section 25100) of Division 20 of the Health 15 and Safety Code. The regulations of the Environmental Protection 16 Agency for reportable quantities of hazardous substances for 17 purposes of the *federal* Comprehensive Environmental Response, 18 Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (42 U.S.C. 19 Sec. 9601 et seq.) shall be in effect for purposes of the enforcement 20 of this section until the time that the regulations required by this 21 subdivision are adopted. 22

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- (e) (1) The state board shall adopt regulations establishing reportable quantities of sewage for purposes of this section. The regulations shall be based on the quantities that should be reported because they may pose a risk to public health or the environment if discharged to groundwater or surface water. Regulations establishing reportable quantities shall not supersede—waste discharge requirements or water quality objectives adopted pursuant to this division. For purposes of this section, "sewage" means the effluent of a municipal wastewater treatment plant or a private utility wastewater treatment plant, as those terms are defined in Section 13625, except that sewage does not include recycled water, as defined in subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 13529.2.
- (2) A collection system owner or operator, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 13193, in addition to the reporting requirements set forth in this section, shall submit a report pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13193.

40 (g) AB 1200 —8—

(f) Except as otherwise provided in this section and Section 8589.7 of the Government Code, a notification made pursuant to this section shall satisfy any immediate notification requirement contained in any permit issued by a permitting agency. When notifying the California Emergency Management Agency, the person shall include all of the notification information required in the permit.

(h)

(g) For the purposes of this section, the reportable quantity for perchlorate shall be 10 pounds or more by discharge to the receiving waters, unless a more restrictive reporting standard for a particular body of water is adopted pursuant to subdivision—(e) (d).

14 (i)

- (h) Notification under this section does not nullify a person's responsibility to notify the local health officer or the director of environmental health pursuant to Section 5411.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

SECTION 1. Section 345 of the Water Code is amended to read:

345. (a) The department shall plan recreation development associated with state-constructed water projects in consultation with local public agencies and affected state and federal agencies, and shall acquire land necessary to implement and execute plans for that development pursuant to specific legislative authorization.

-9- AB 1200

The legislative authorization shall specify to what extent, if any, the power of eminent domain may be used.

- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature, in enacting this section, that no water resources development funds will be appropriated for the purpose of acquiring land for recreation development associated with state-constructed water projects, exclusive of land required for storage and conservation of water for those projects.
- (e) In carrying out its duties under this section, the department may enter into contracts, leases, and agreements with other state agencies, the federal government, local public agencies, and persons. The Department of Fish and Game, the Department of Parks and Recreation, and all other affected state and local agencies shall cooperate with the Department of Water Resources for purposes of this subdivision.